

# South Dakota Communications Field Operations Guide (SD-CFOG)



*Version 1.0 June 2012*



## Letter of Introduction

The South Dakota Communications Field Operations Guide (SD-CFOG) is a collection of technical reference material to aid Communications Unit personnel in establishing solutions to support communications during emergency incidents and planned events. The SD-CFOG includes information from several South Dakota communications documents.

The SD-CFOG contains regional, state, and national interoperability channels. These channels should be programmed into Public Safety radios in the appropriate frequency band. If geographic restrictions on some channels preclude their use within the state of South Dakota, they may offer an interoperability option when responding out of territory where the restrictions do not apply. The document focus is on regional, state and federal interoperable systems and assets.

Please send updates, corrections, or comments about the SD-CFOG or requests for additional copies to Jeff Pierce.

Thank you,

*Jeff Pierce*

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## About this Guide

### Points of Contact for this Guide

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The purpose of the South Dakota Communications Field Operations Guide (SD-CFOG) is to increase efficiency in establishing interoperable communications during incidents, create a consistent knowledge base of interoperable communications channels and networks, and provide a helpful tool for pre-planning and interoperable communications training and exercises. This document is intended to help alleviate many of the problems or short comings during normal and/or emergency communications globally:

1. Incident using radio channels in more than one band (VHF, UHF, and/or 700/800 MHz, etc.)
2. Responding to an emergency outside of your area
3. Requesting emergency talkgroups
4. Communications when network fails

The focus of this document is on regional, state and federal interoperable and mutual aid systems, and assets.

Please send updates, corrections, or comments about the SD-CFOG to Jeff Pierce.

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## **1 Interoperable Communications Commonalities**

### **1.1 Agency Responsibilities and Rights**

Agencies will retain the following responsibilities and rights:

- Authorized representatives of agencies participating in this plan have the authority to request the use of equipment, including systems and mobile assets, in accordance with Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs).
- Where applicable, agencies will be responsible for consistently maintaining, testing, and exercising connectivity to interoperable communications.
- Incident Commanders retain the right to decide how to utilize interoperable communications.

### **1.2 Prioritization and Shared Use of Regional Interoperability Assets**

The Incident Commander, or designee, in conjunction/cooperation with their counterparts in other involved agencies, will have the authority to request the use of interoperable assets. Once Incident Command has been established, Command Staff or the Communications Unit Leader (when designated) direct the further coordination and delegation of the interoperable communications assets assigned to the event or incident in question.

When the same resources are requested for two or more incidents, resource assignments should be based on the priority levels in accordance with the National Incident Management System (NIMS).

In the event of multiple simultaneous incidents within the same priority, the resources should be allocated according to NIMS.

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In response to events or incidents which cross over jurisdictional boundaries, there potentially could be competing demands and priorities for interoperable communications assets.

Agencies should activate needed interoperable assets to respond effectively and to minimize any negative impact on surrounding agencies or jurisdictions. Specifically, interoperable communications should be established with the following techniques, listed in increasing order of complexity:

1. Utilize **face-to-face** communications wherever appropriate. For example, the co-location of all Command and General Staff at the Incident Command Post (ICP) provides the best direct communications and reduces the demand on interoperability resources
2. Employ **local communications** assets until such time as either those assets become taxed or inadequate based on the nature and/or scope of the incident
3. If response agencies are users of the **statewide digital trunked network**, utilize that shared system to establish interoperable communications
4. If response agencies operate on disparate systems, utilize **shared or mutual aid channels** to establish interoperable communications.
5. If response agencies do not share systems or channels, it may be possible to request and utilize a **gateway** solution to establish interoperable communications
6. Where interoperable communications cannot otherwise be established between response agencies, utilize **swap or cache radios** to establish operable communications for responders
7. If no other method of interoperability can be established, relay communications through **staff members**

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When the same resources are requested for two or more incidents, resource assignments should be based on the priority levels listed below:

1. Disasters, large scale incidents, or extreme emergencies requiring mutual aid or interagency communications
2. Incidents where imminent danger exists to life or property
3. Incidents requiring the response of multiple agencies
4. Pre-planned events requiring mutual aid or interagency communications
5. Incidents involving a single agency where supplemental communications are needed for agency use
6. Drills, tests and exercises

In the event of multiple simultaneous incidents within the same priority level, the Incident Commander or Unified Command (if formed) shall have allocation authority and shall allocate resources with the following priorities in mind:

1. Incidents with the greatest level of exigency (e.g., greater threat to life or property, more immediate need, etc.) have priority over less exigent incidents
2. Agencies with single/limited interoperable options have priority use of those options over agencies with multiple interoperable options

When at all possible, agencies already using an interoperable asset during an event should not be redirected to another resource.

### 1.3 Communications Unit Leader (COML) Position Checklist

**NOTE: Can be also used by the Incident Commander, Logistics Section Chief, or designee in the absence of a COML.**

1. Obtain briefing from the Logistics Section Chief or Service Branch Director
2. Organize and staff unit as appropriate
  - a. Assign Communications Center Manager and Lead Incident Dispatcher
  - b. Assign Message Center Manager and ensure adequate staff is assigned to answer phones and attend to fax machines
3. Assess communications systems/channels in use; advise on communications capabilities/limitations
4. Develop and implement effective communications procedures (flow) internal and external to the incident/Incident Command Post.
5. Assess Incident Command Post phone load and request additional lines as needed
6. Obtain copy of Communications Resource Availability Worksheet (ICS Form 217A) which provides RF information for the applicable area. If ICS Form 217A has not been completed or is unavailable, it should be prepared).
7. Prepare and Implement Incident Communications Plan (ICS Form 205):
  - a. Obtain current organizational chart
  - b. Determine most hazardous tactical activity; ensure adequate communications
  - c. Make communications assignments to all other Operations elements, including volunteer, contract, or mutual aid

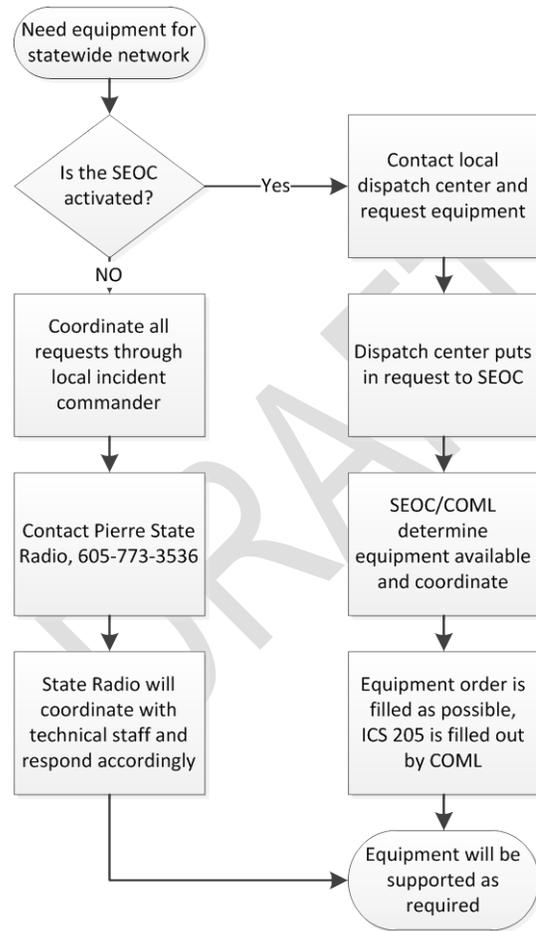
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- d. Determine command communications needs
- e. Establish and post any specific procedures for use of Incident Command Post communications equipment
- 8. Include cellular phones and pagers in Incident Communications Plan (ICS Form 205T) if appropriate:
  - a. Determine specific organizational elements to be assigned to telephones
  - b. Identify all facilities/locations with which communications must be established (shelters, press area, liaison area, agency facilities, other governmental entities' Emergency Operations Center [EOCs], etc.), and identify and document phone numbers
  - c. Determine which phones and what numbers should be used by specific personnel and their purpose. Assign specific telephone numbers for incoming calls, and report these numbers to staff and off-site parties such as other local jurisdictions, State, and federal agencies
  - d. Do not publicize OUTGOING call lines
- 9. Activate, serve as contact point, and supervise the integration of volunteer radio organizations into the communications system
- 10. Ensure radio and telephone logs are available and being used
- 11. Determine need and research availability of additional nets and systems:
  - a. Order through Supply Unit after approval by Section Chief or appropriate official
  - b. Federal systems
  - c. Additional radios and other communications devices, including repeaters, radio-telephone interconnects and satellite down-link capabilities may be available through FEMA or the National Interagency Fire Center (NIFC)
- 12. Document malfunctioning communications equipment, facilitate repair

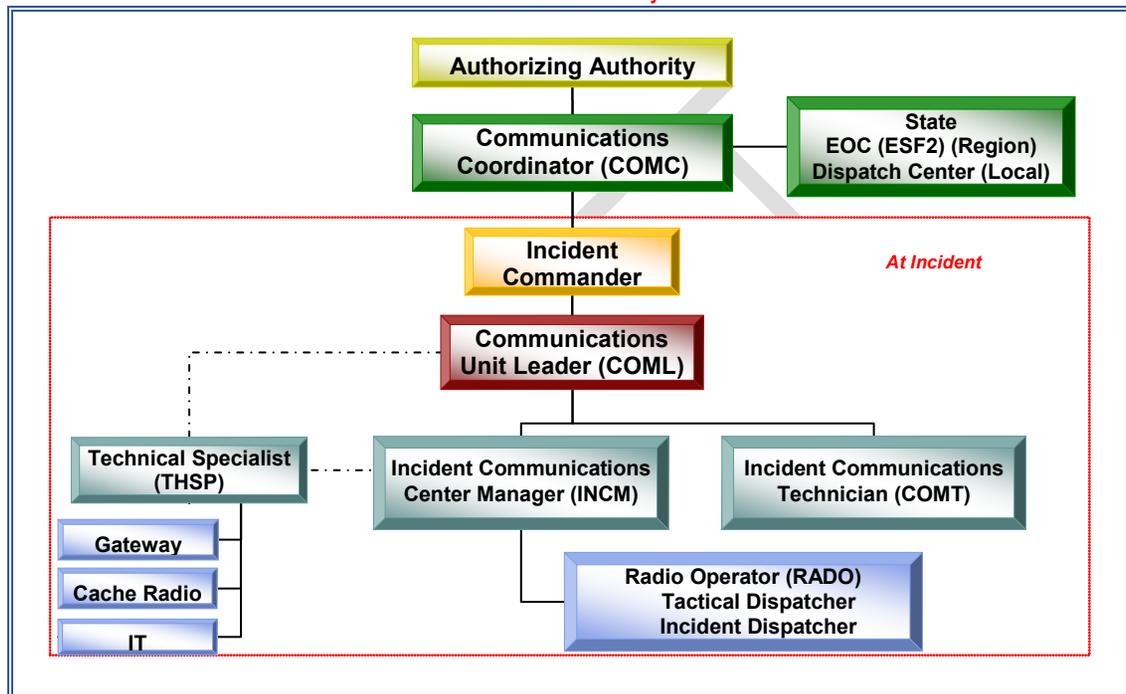
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13. Establish and maintain communications equipment accountability system
14. As required, provide technical information regarding:
  - a. Adequacy of communications system currently in use
  - b. Geographic limitations of communications equipment
  - c. Equipment capabilities
  - d. Amount and types of equipment available
  - e. Anticipated problems in the use of communications equipment
15. Estimate Unit needs for expected operations
16. As required, request relief personnel
17. Provide briefing to relief personnel on current activities and unusual situations
18. Document all activity on Unit/Activity Log (ICS Form 214)

## 1.4 Requests for Communications Assets



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## 2 Interoperability Assets

Refer to regional Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for policies and procedures on asset usage.

### 2.1 General Rules of Use

- **National Incident Management System** – Implement an Incident Command System (ICS) compliant with the National Incident Management System (NIMS) when using any regional interoperability resource.
- **National Response Framework** – Use the appropriate ICS forms needed to document a given incident, in accordance with the National Response Framework (NRF).
- **Plain Language** – Avoid using radio codes, acronyms, and abbreviations as they may cause confusion between agencies. Ensure that all verbal requests for assistance or backup specify the reason for the request.
- **Unit Identification** – Announce your home agency prior to announcing your unit identifier during interoperable communication situations. (e.g., “Command, this is Monson Ambulance A1”)

#### ***Applies to Radio Caches***

- **Charging** – Cache radios must be fully charged and ready for immediate deployment when requested. Deployed equipment includes extra batteries and/or battery chargers to support extended deployments
- **Radio Identification** - Each radio in a radio cache will have a unique identification number (e.g. serial number, etc.) for inventory tracking
- **Technical Support** – Qualified radio cache THSPs or COMTs should be available for on-scene support during

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the deployment, if the requesting agency cannot act in this capacity

- **Equipment Return** – The requesting agency is responsible for the return of any cache radios/MCUs/equipment in the condition that they were issued/received. Responsibilities for lost or damaged equipment lie with the appropriate agency

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## 2.2 Transportable Gateways / Repeaters

All assets listed below can be requested through the owning/managing agency or State

Gateway / Repeater Name	Owning/Managing POC Information		Notes
	Agency	24/7 Phone	
ACU-1000	BIT/State Radio	605-773-3536	State Radio dispatch will call out tech.

## 2.3 Cache Radios

Radio Cache Name	Make / Model	Owning/Managing POC Information		Frequency Band	Qty
		Agency	Phone		
State Radio Digital	Motorola/EFJ	BIT/State Radio	605-773-3536	VHF	100
State Radio analog	Maxon/other	BIT/State Radio	605-773-3536	UHF	200

## 2.4 Mobile Communications

Unit ID/ Designator	Discipline	Owning / Managing POC Information		Patching / Gateway
		Agency	24/7 Phone	
HP Command	All hazards	Highway Patrol	605-773-3536	Command trailer
Department of Health Comm	Health & all	Department of Health		

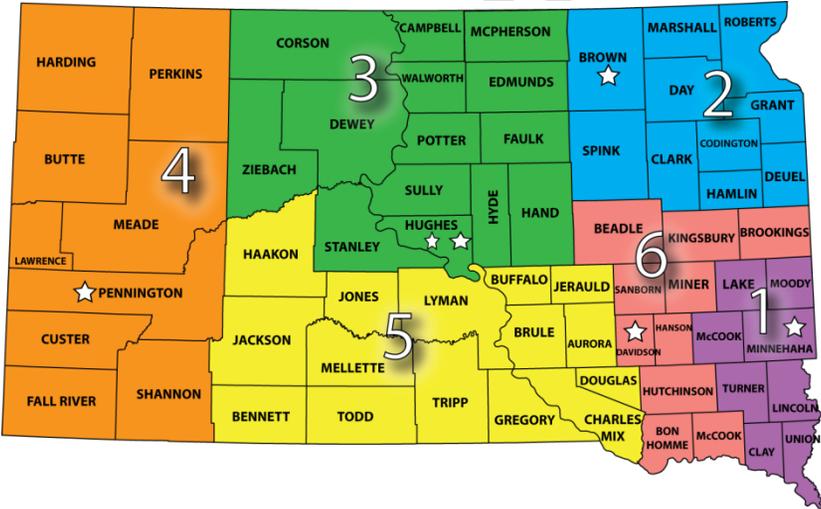
## **Appendix A Regional Interoperability Information**

This SD-CFOG is intended to apply to South Dakota. Specifically, this is a communications field operations guide intended to be used by public safety personnel during day-to-day and emergency response situations. Public safety personnel are located in jurisdictions geographically identified in the map above. More detailed information on each region is listed in the following sections.

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A.1 South Dakota OEM Regions

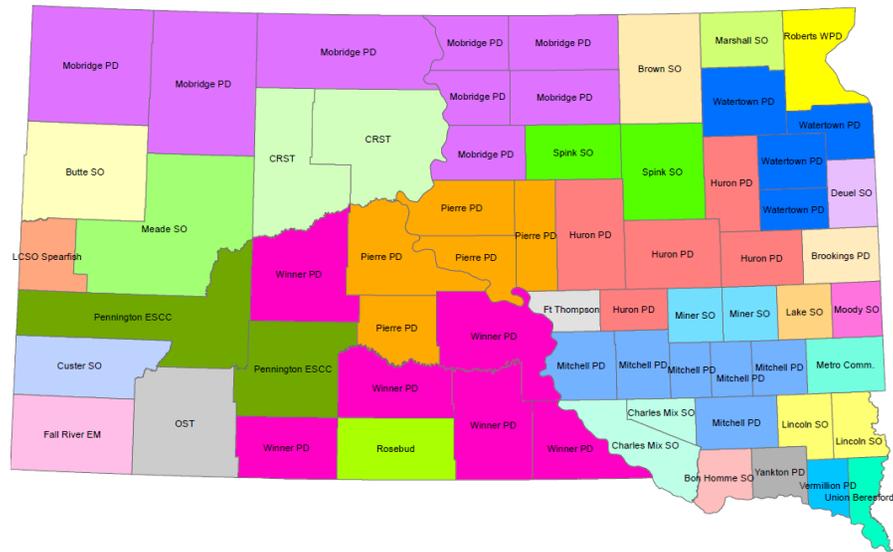
A.1.1 SD OEM Region Map



**A.1.2 Regional Points of Contact (POCs)**

<b>REGION 1</b>	<b>REGION 2</b>	<b>REGION 3</b>
Tom Welch P.O. Box 84238 Sioux Falls, SD 57118-0238 Office Phone: 605-367-5240 Cell Phone: 605-941-3894 Fax: 605-367-5241 Email: tom.welch@state.sd.us	Jason Forrest P.O. Box 633 Aberdeen, SD 57501 Office Phone: 605-626-2236 Cell Phone: 605-380-8938 Fax: 605-626-2562 Email: jason.forrests@state.sd.us	Kendall Aldinger 1302 East Highway 14 Pierre, SD 57501-8505 Office Phone: 605-773-3231 Cell Phone: 605-280-4482 Fax: 605-773-3580 Email: kendall.aldinger@state.sd.us
<b>REGION 4</b>	<b>REGION 5</b>	<b>REGION 6</b>
Brent Kolstad 4250 Fire Station Rd., Ste 2 Rapid City, SD 57703 Office Phone: 605-393-8051 Cell Phone: 605-391-6137 Fax: 605-393-8052 Email: brent.kolstad@state.sd.us	Tyler Spomer 306 East Capitol Ave., Ste 310 Pierre, SD 57501 Office Phone: 605-773-8137 Cell Phone: 605-220-3620 Fax: 605-773-3580 Email: tyler.spomer@state.sd.us	Allan Miller 1300 S. Ohlman Mitchell, SD 57301 Office Phone: 605-995-8990 Cell Phone: 605-299-6451 Fax: 605-995-8991 Email: allan.miller@state.sd.us

### A.1.3 PSAP Map



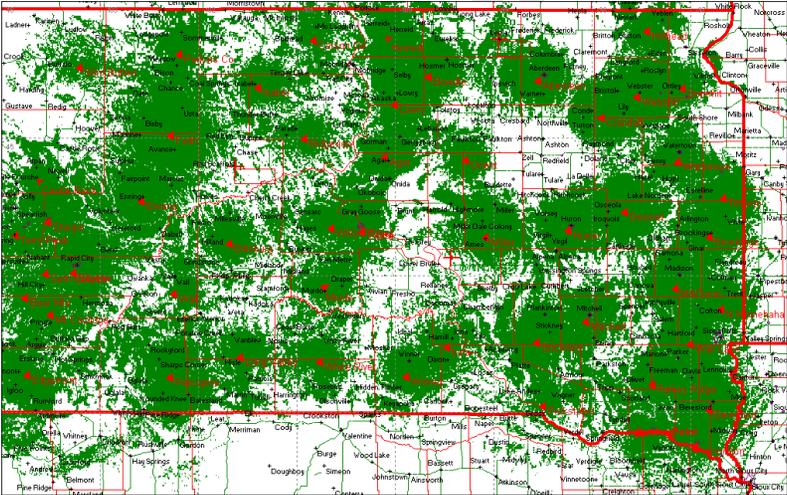
#### A.1.4 PSAP POC

LABEL	ENTITY	CONTACT #
Beresford	Beresford PD	605-356-2679
Bon Homme SO	Bon Homme County SO	605-589-4242
Brookings	Brookings PD	605-692-2113
Butte SO	Butte County SO	605-723-0900
Brown	Brown County 911	605-626-4000
Charles Mix SO	Charles Mix County SO	605-487-7625
CRST	Cheyenne River Tribal Police Dept	605-964-4571
Custer SO	Custer County SO	605-673-8141
Deuel SO	Deuel County SO	605-874-8189
Fall River EM	Fall River County SO	605-745-5155
Ft Thompson	BIA Law Enforcement, Crow Creek	605-245-2351
Huron PD	Huron PD	605-353-8550
Lake SO	Lake County SO	605-256-7620
LC SO	Lawrence County SO	605-578-2230
Lincoln SO	Lincoln County SO	605-764-2664
Marshall SO	Marshall County SO	605-448-5181
Meade SO	Meade County SO	605-347-2681

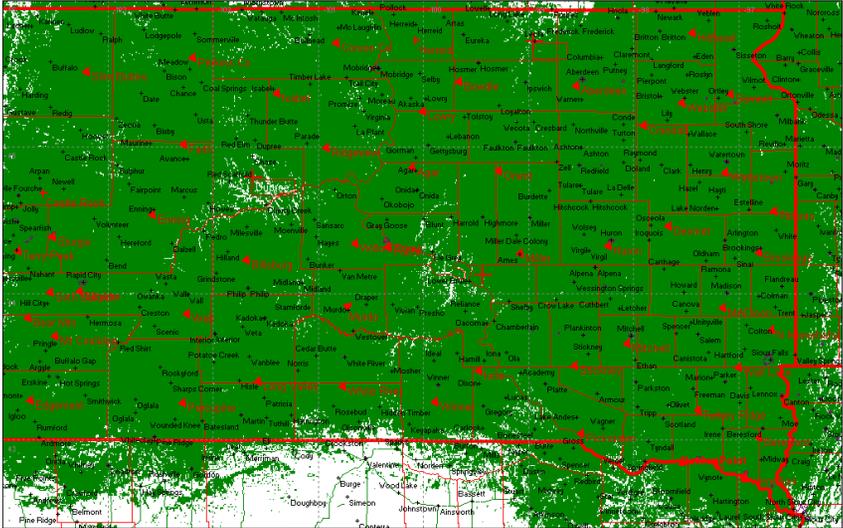
LABEL	ENTITY	CONTACT #
Metro Comm	Sioux Falls PD/Minnehaha Co SO	605-367-7218
Miner SO	Miner County SO	605-772-4501
Mitchell PD	Mitchell PD	605-995-8400
Mobridge PD	Mobridge PD	605-845-5000
Moody SO	Moody County SO	605-997-3251
OST	Pine Ridge Tribal Police	605-867-1392
Pennington ESCC	Pennington County SO	605-394-2662
Pierre PD	Pierre PD	605-773-7410
Roberts WPD	Roberts County SO	605-698-7667
Rosebud	Rosebud Tribal PD	605-747-2266
Spearfish	Spearfish PD	605-642-1300
Spink SO	Spink County SO	605-472-4595
Union	Union County SO	605-356-2679
Vermillion PD	Vermillion PD	605-677-7100
Watertown PD	Watertown PD	605-882-6210
Winner PD	Winner PD	605-842-3324
Yankton PD	Yankton PD	605-668-5210

**Appendix B Statewide System –Coverage**

**B.1 Statewide System – Portable Coverage**



**B.2 Statewide System – Mobile Coverage**



## Appendix C National Analog Interoperability Channels

The programming of these channels in radios are encouraged. Most of these channels are nationally designated for emergency use for first responders and can provide a common channel for operations such as fire ground and other emergency situations. Keep in mind that these channels are also licensed public safety frequencies and as such are also used in some cases on the statewide system. Some known areas of frequency conflicts are listed below, but the potential may exist for other areas as well. If you are causing interference on one of these channels with the statewide system, you will need to move operations to another channel.

The convention calls for frequency lists to show four digits after the decimal place, followed by either an "N" or a "W", depending on whether the frequency is narrow or wide band. Mode refers to either "A" or "D" indicating analog or digital (e.g., Project 25) or "M" indicating mixed mode. All channels are shown as if programmed in a control station, mobile, or portable radio. Repeater and base stations must be programmed with the RX and TX reversed. Unless stated otherwise, all frequencies are MHz except CTCSS tones, which are in Hz.

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### C.1 National Analog Interoperability Frequencies

COMMUNICATIONS RESOURCE AVAILABILITY WORKSHEET ICS 217A				Frequency Band				Description National Analog Interoperable Channels			
Channel Configuration	Channel Name / Trunked Radio System Talk Group	Eligible Users	Mobile RX Freq	N / W	RX Tone / NAC	Mobile TX Freq	N / W	TX Tone / NAC	Mode A, D, or M	Notes (Limitation) <b>NO in RED areas</b>	
Off-net mutual aid repeater	M/A RPTR		156.0150		100	149.8375		100	A	Where Available	
Car to Car	M/A DIR		156.0150		100	156.0150		100	A		
National Emergency Car to Car	VCALL10		155.7525		none	155.7525		156.7	A		
National Emergency Car to Car	VTAC11		151.1375		none	151.1375		156.7	A	Pickstown, Rapid City, Summit	
National Emergency Car to Car	VTAC12		154.4525		none	154.4525		156.7	A	Summit	
National Emergency Car to Car	VTAC13		158.7375		none	158.7375		156.7	A		
National Emergency Car to Car	VTAC14		159.4725		none	159.4725		156.7	A	Edgemont, White River, Huron, Aberdeen, Bear Mtn, Rapid City, Summit *	
National Emergency Repeater	VTAC17		161.8500		none	157.2500		156.7	A	Toronto, Vermillion *	
National Emergency Car to Car	VTAC17D		161.8500		none	161.8500		156.7	A	Toronto, Vermillion *	
National Tactical Repeater	VTAC33		159.4725		none	151.1375		136.5	A	Pickstown, Rapid City, Summit	

COMMUNICATIONS RESOURCE AVAILABILITY WORKSHEET ICS 217A				Frequency Band				Description National Analog Interoperable Channels			
Channel Configuration	Channel Name / Trunked Radio System Talk Group	Eligible Users	Mobile RX Freq	N / W	RX Tone / NAC	Mobile TX Freq	N / W	TX Tone / NAC	Mode A, D, or M	Notes (Limitation) <b>NO in RED areas</b>	
National Tactical Repeater	VTAC34		158.7375		none	154.4525		136.5	A	Summit *	
National Tactical Repeater	VTAC35		159.4725		none	158.7375		136.5	A	Beresford, Long Valley, Miller *	
National Tactical Repeater	VTAC36		151.1375		none	159.4725		136.5	A	Pickstown, Rapid City, Summit, Beresford, Long Valley, Miller *	
National Tactical Repeater	VTAC37		154.4525		none	158.7375		136.5	A	Summit *	
National Tactical Repeater	VTAC38		158.7375		none	159.4725		136.5	A	Pickstown, Rapid City, Summit, Beresford, Long Valley, Miller *	
National Fire Mutual Aid	VFIRE21	Fire	154.2800		none	154.2800		156.7	A		
National Fire Mutual Aid	VFIRE22	Fire	154.2650		none	154.2650		156.7	A		
National Fire Mutual Aid	VFIRE23	Fire	154.2950		none	154.2950		156.7	A		
National Fire Mutual Aid	VFIRE24	Fire	154.2725		none	154.2725		156.7	A		
National Fire Mutual Aid	VFIRE25	Fire	154.2875		none	154.2875		156.7	A		
National Fire Mutual Aid	VFIRE26	Fire	154.3025		none	154.3025		156.7	A		
National EMS Mutual Aid	VMED28	EMS	155.3400		none	155.3400		156.7	A		

COMMUNICATIONS RESOURCE AVAILABILITY WORKSHEET ICS 217A				Frequency Band				Description National Analog Interoperable Channels			
Channel Configuration	Channel Name / Trunked Radio System Talk Group	Eligible Users	Mobile RX Freq	N / W	RX Tone / NAC	Mobile TX Freq	N / W	TX Tone / NAC	Mode A, D, or M	Notes (Limitation) <b>NO in RED areas</b>	
National EMS Mutual Aid	VMED29	EMS	155.3475		none	155.3475		156.7	A		
National Law Mutual Aid	VLAW31	LE	155.4750		none	155.4750		156.7	A		
National Law Mutual Aid	VLAW32	LE	155.4825		none	155.4825		156.7	A		
Search & Rescue Channel	SAR1 or SARNFM		155.1600		none	155.1600		156.7	A	Not a national channel	
* Only where set up											

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## Appendix D VHF Marine Channels

VHF FM Marine channels are to be used in accordance with FCC rules - 47 CFR 80.371(c) and 80.373(f).

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## D.1 VHF Marine High Band

COMMUNICATIONS RESOURCE AVAILABILITY WORKSHEETICS 217A						Frequency Band VHF High Band			Description Marine Specific Channels	
Channel Configuration	Channel Name / Trunked Radio System Talk Group	Eligible Users	Mobile RX Freq	N / W	RX Tone / NAC	Mobile TX Freq	N / W	TX Tone / NAC	Mode A, D, or M	Notes
Simplex	Channel 9	Maritime Use	156.4500	W	CSQ	156.4500	W	CSQ	A	Boat/Ship Calling
Simplex	Channel 12	Maritime Use	156.6000	W	CSQ	156.6000	W	CSQ	A	Port Operations
Simplex	Channel 13	Maritime Use	156.6500	W	CSQ	156.6500	W	CSQ	A	Intership Navigation Safety
Simplex	Channel 16	Maritime Use	156.8000	W	CSQ	156.8000	W	CSQ	A	Distress Calling and Hailing
Simplex	Channel 17	Maritime Use	156.8500	W	CSQ	156.8500	W	CSQ	A	State and Local Gov Use
Simplex	Channel 21A	Maritime Use	157.0500	W	CSQ	157.0500	W	CSQ	A	USCG Working Ch.
Simplex	Channel 22A	Maritime Use	157.1000	W	CSQ	157.1000	W	CSQ	A	Marine Safety Broadcast
Simplex	Channel 23A	Maritime Use	157.1500	W	CSQ	157.1500	W	CSQ	A	USCG Working Ch.
Simplex	Channel 81A	Maritime Use	157.0750	W	CSQ	157.0750	W	CSQ	A	USCG Working Ch.
Simplex	Channel 83A	Maritime Use	157.1750	W	CSQ	157.1750	W	CSQ	A	USCG Working Ch.

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**Appendix E South Dakota Interoperable  
Communication System**

**E.1 SD Interoperable Communication System  
POC**

Agency:

Phone:

**E.2 SD Interoperable Communication System  
Overview**

**E.3 SD Dakota Interoperable Communication  
System Map**

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## E.5 Statewide Talkgroups

The following is a list of Statewide Talkgroups. It is recommended that these talkgroups be programmed as a Standardized Block within the appropriate radios to assure uniformity and interoperability across the State.

### E.5.1 SRC (State Radio Communications)

SRC talkgroups are intended for any law enforcement communications between mobile and State Radio dispatch. All law enforcement field units will be programmed with these talkgroups. These talkgroups shall be labeled as follows:

Talkgroup	Radio Display
SRC SIOUX FALLS	SRC SF
SRC TURKEY RIDGE	SRC TKR
SRC VERMILLION	SRC VERM
SRC TRIPP	SRC TRIP
SRC MITCHELL	SRV MIT
SRC BROOKINGS	SRC BRK
SRC WATERTOWN	SRC WTN
SRC WEBSTER	SRC WEB
SRC ISABEL	SRV ISAB
SRC ABERDEEN	SRC ARB
SRC REDFIELD	SRC RED
SRC HURON	SRC HUR
SRC MILLER	SRC MIL
SRC CHAMBERLAIN	SRC CHAM
SRC WINNER	SRC WIN
SRC PIERRE	SRC PIER
SRC MOBRIDGE	SRC MOB
SRC PHILLIP	SRC PHIL
SRC MARTIN	SRC MAR
SRC BIISON	SRC BSN
SRC RAPID CITY	SRC RC
SRC S. HILLS	SRC SH
SRC N. HILLS	SRC NH
SRC FAITH	SRC FATH

### E.5.2 INT (Interagency)

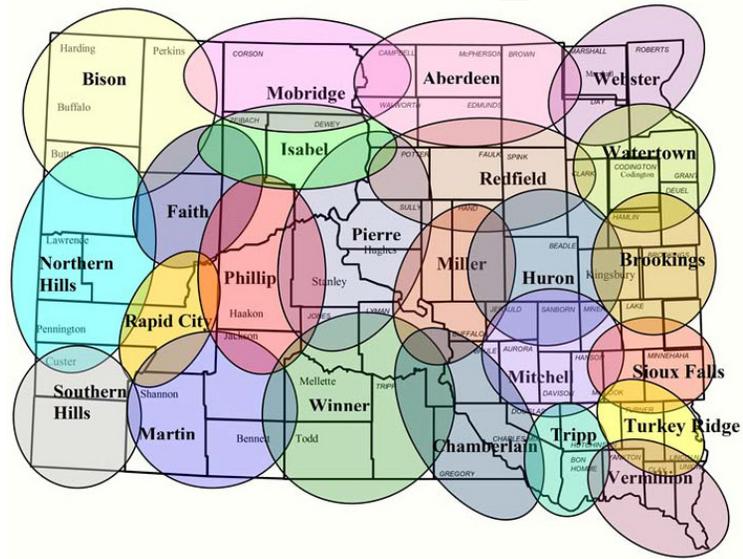
INT talkgroups are intended for any inter-department radio communications. Due to the potential for high volume usage of these talkgroups, they are not intended as primary day-to-day routine dispatch operations. All multi-jurisdictional/multi-agency incidents should be initiated on the interagency talkgroups then moved to an operations or user-specific talkgroup. Every radio on the system will be programmed with the 24 Regional Interagency Talkgroups. These talkgroups shall be labeled as follows:

Talkgroup	Radio Display	Intended Use
Sioux Falls Interagency	SF INT	Interagency Traffic
Turkey Ridge Interagency	TKR INT	Interagency Traffic
Vermillion Interagency	VERM INT	Interagency Traffic
Tripp Interagency	TRIPP INT	Interagency Traffic
Mitchell Interagency	MIT INT	Interagency Traffic
Brookings Interagency	BRK INT	Interagency Traffic
Watertown Interagency	WTN INT	Interagency Traffic
Webster Interagency	WEB INT	Interagency Traffic
Isabel Interagency	ISAB INT	Interagency Traffic
Aberdeen Interagency	ARB INT	Interagency Traffic
Redfield Interagency	RED INT	Interagency Traffic
Huron Interagency	HUR INT	Interagency Traffic
Miller Interagency	MIL INT	Interagency Traffic
Chamberlain Interagency	CHAM INT	Interagency Traffic
Winner Interagency	WIN INT	Interagency Traffic
Pierre Interagency	PIER INT	Interagency Traffic
Mobridge Interagency	MOB INT	Interagency Traffic
Phillip Interagency	PHIL INT	Interagency Traffic
Martin Interagency	MAR INT	Interagency Traffic
Bison Interagency	BIS INT	Interagency Traffic
Rapid City Interagency	RC INT	Interagency Traffic
Southern Hills Interagency	SH INT	Interagency Traffic
Northern Hills Interagency	NH INT	Interagency Traffic
Faith Interagency	FATH INT	Interagency Traffic

Interagency talkgroups are the only talkgroups on the system configured to automatically be transmitted on multiple towers. This allows radios to drive out of the coverage area of one tower, and still be able to scan these talkgroups. Because the interagency talkgroups are for mutual aid, the system was designed to make these talkgroups "broadcast over additional towers to ensure that a call for help would be answered. The automatic operations follows the table below:

Name	Site
Pierre Int Reqs	Pierre/Willow Creek
Aberdeen Int Reqs	Aberdeen/Webster/Crandall
RC Int Reqs	Skyline/Mt. Coolidge/Seth Bullock
SH Int Reqs	Mt. Coolidge/Edgemont/Bear Mtn
NH Int Reqs	Terry Peak/Enning/Seth Bullock/Sly Hill/Castle Rock
Phil Int Reqs	Billsburg/White River/Murdo/Long Valley/Wall
Bis Int Reqs	Slim Buttes/Shadehill
Faith Int Reqs	Billsburg/Faith Enning
Martin Int Reqs	Murdo/Long Valley/Wall
Cham Int Reqs	Iona Billsburg/Willow Creek/Murdo/Stickney/Winner
Isab Int Reqs	Billsburg/Isabel/Faith/Ridgeview/Corson
Mob Int Reqs	Bowdie/Lowry/Corson/Agar/Herreid
Brks Int Reqs	Brookings/Toronto/Madison/Minnehaha/Desmet
Huron Int Reqs	Desmet/Miller/Crandall/Huron
Miller Int Reqs	Miller/Huron/Orient Hills
Mitchell Int Reqs	Mitchell/Wall Lake/Madison/Stickney/Turkey Ridge/Radar Hill
Red Int Reqs	Crandall/Orient Hills
SF Int Reqs	Wall Lake/Turkey Ridge/Madison/Sioux Falls/Beresford
Tkr Int Reqs	Turkey Ridge/Wall Lake/Vermillion/Yankton/Beresford
Tripp Int Reqs	Turkey Ridge/Stickney/Radar Hill
Verm Int Reqs	Vermillion/Yankton/Turkey Ridge/Beresford
Web Int Reqs	Webster/Crandall/Summit/Hillhead
Winner Int Reqs	Iona/White River/Long Valley/Winner/Wall
Wtn Int Reqs	Toronto/Watertown/Desmet
NWS W Reqs	Skyline
SF SRC Reqs	Minnehaha
SRC Mob Reqs	Bowdie/Lowry/Herreid
SRC Verm Reqs	Beresford
SRC SF Reqs	None
SRC Isabel Reqs	Faith/Slim Buttes/Shadehill
NWS C/NE Reqs	Desmet

### E.5.3 SRC/INT Talkgroups Mapping



### E.5.4 SP OPS (Special Operations)

SP OPS talkgroups are requested talkgroups for non-routine operations. Requests for these talkgroups will be direct towards one of the three State radio dispatch centers. All radios on the system will be programmed with these talkgroups. These talkgroups shall be labeled as follows:

Talkgroup	Radio Display	Intended Use
Special Operations 1	SP OP 1	Communications During Disasters and Special Events
Special Operations 2	SP OP 2	Communications During Disasters and Special Events
Special Operations 3	SP OP 3	Communications During Disasters and Special Events
Special Operations 4	SP OP 4	Communications During Disasters and Special Events
Special Operations 5	SP OP 5	Communications During Disasters and Special Events
Special Operations 6	SP OP 6	Communications During Disasters and Special Events
Special Operations 7	SP OP 7	Communications During Disasters and Special Events
Special Operations 8	SP OP 8	Communications During Disasters and Special Events
Special Operations 9	SP OP 9*	Communications During Disasters and Special Events
Special Operations 10	SP OP 10**	Communications During Disasters and Special Events

\* Some radios labeled HP

\*\* Some radios labeled SRC

\* The Special Operations talkgroups were designed to allow for incident management communications off of the normal operating talkgroups, freeing up those talkgroups for normal operations. These are designated to be operated on in either a proactive manner, or a reactive manner, depending upon the situation.

\* Special Operations talkgroups can be used for either scheduled events or emergencies, but must be reserved. Scheduled events assignments may be pre-empted by emergency situations. Special Operations talkgroups are request-only talkgroups, with request made to State radio dispatch via Radio over any Interagency talkgroup, or by telephone to one of the following dispatch centers:

Pierre - 605-773-3536

Huron - 615-353-7132

Rapid City - 6150-393-8121

### E.5.5 ST Fire 2 and 3 Only (State Fire)

State Fire talkgroups are intended for use as a request mutual aid fire talkgroup. All radios will be programmed with these talkgroups. These talkgroups shall be labeled as follows:

Talkgroup	Radio Display	Intended Use
State Fire 1	STFIRE-1	Interagency fire related contact with Great Plains Dispatch Center in Rapid City*
State Fire 2	STFIRE-2	State Mutual Aid Fire - Special Operations Channel
State Fire 3	STFIRE-3	State Mutual Aid Fire - Special Operations Channel

State Fire 1 is intended for interagency fire-related communications with Great Plains Dispatch Center in Rapid City and IS NOT intended for Special Operations Request Mutual Aid from resources other than Great Plains.

The State Fire 2 and 3 talkgroups are request-only talkgroups, with requests being made to State radio dispatch via radio over any interagency talkgroup, or by telephone to one of the following dispatch centers:

Pierre - 605-773-3536  
Huron - 615-353-7132  
Rapid City - 6150-393-8121

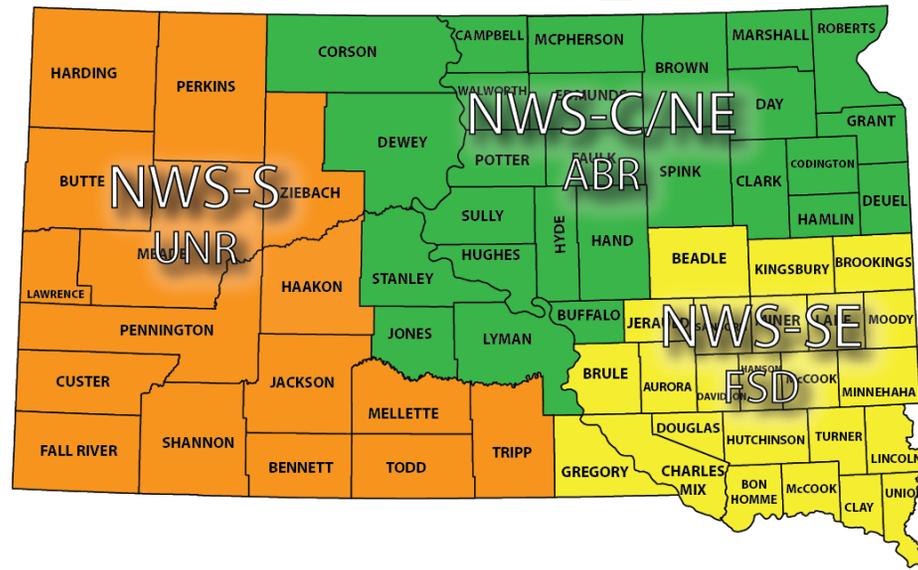
### E.5.6 NWS (National Weather Service) Talkgroups

The NWS talkgroups are a direct link to the National Weather Service Offices in Rapid City, Aberdeen, and Sioux Falls. These talkgroups are to be used for communications with NWS when relaying weather spotter, fire conditions, and other weather related information from the field. All radios on the system will be programmed with these talkgroups. These talkgroups shall be labeled as follows

Talkgroup	Radio Display	Intended Use
National Weather Service	NWS-W	Weather Related Reporting to NWS - Western, South Dakota
National Weather Service	NWS-C/NE	Weather Related Reporting to NWS - Central/Northeastern, South Dakota
National Weather Service	NWS-SE	Weather Related Reporting to NWS - Southeastern, South Dakota

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E.5.7 NWS (National Weather Service) Map



### **E.5.8 EMS (Hospital) Talkgroups**

This public safety radio system is in place to support the day-to-day operations of South Dakota's various public safety agencies. Law Enforcement, Fire Departments, Ambulance Services, and Department of Transportation are but a few of the many different agencies that will be using this technology to complete their tasks.

South Dakota's facilities are included in this plan for these primary reasons.

- Ambulance services throughout the state will be using this technology to communicate with hospitals to obtain online medical control, and relay pertinent patient information.
- Provide air to ground communications during emergencies
- Provide communications to referring facilities during inter-facility transport.
- Provide contact for dispatch/communications centers during flight following procedures when traditional duplex communication is not possible.
- Hospital laboratories that are designated by the State as surge laboratories must have access to the system during bio-terror threats or other mass casualty events for surveillance purposes.

#### **Procedure:**

Radios provided by the South Dakota Department of Health to facilities in the state have been pre-programmed with various local and regional talkgroups. These Talkgroups are in place so public safety agencies (primarily ambulance services) would be able to predict the talkgroup the receiving facility would be operating when transporting a patient. This principle will apply to all hospitals in the state that have obtained the state public safety

radio system. Hospitals should monitor the talkgroup of which they are a member according to the following map entitled "SOUTH DAKOTA HOSPITAL TALKGROUPS".

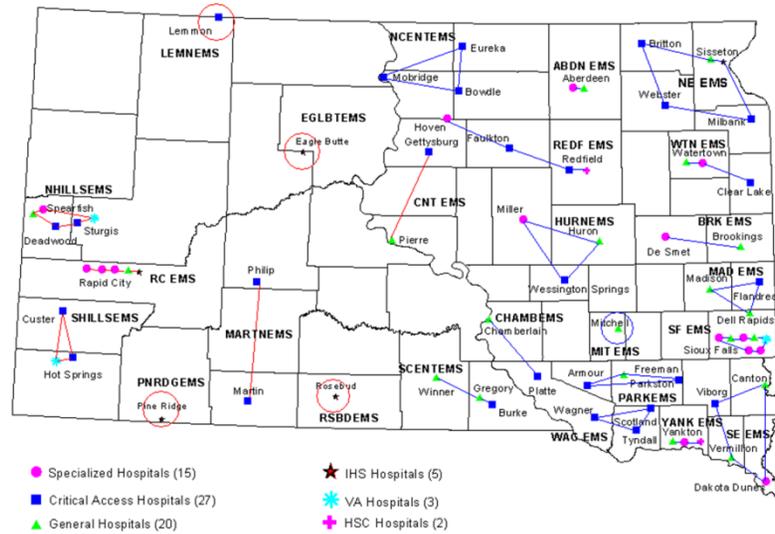
**Example:**

According to the following map, hospitals in Madison, Flandreau, and Dell Rapids are connected on the MAD EMS talkgroup. This must be the talkgroup monitored by these facilities since ambulances coming from other areas will expect to contact them here. Hospitals in Spearfish, Deadwood, and Sturgis are connected on the NHILLS EMS talkgroup. Public safety agencies need to be able to contact these facilities in emergencies, and a statewide plan that can be predicted by all agencies will be the most effective. Hospitals in Parkston, Freeman, and Armour are connected via the PARK EMS talkgroup; a helicopter responding to a call to transport needs to be able to contact these facilities, and when the plan is followed, can predict which talkgroup the facility will be monitoring. If the hospital in Faulkton has a patient to be transferred, a helicopter called to transport would be able to select the REDF EMS talkgroup in order to make landing arrangements, and so on. If an ambulance is called to transport a patient from Phillip to a hospital in Rapid City, that ambulance would be able to select the RC EMS talkgroup to relay pertinent information to the receiving facility in Rapid City.

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Talkgroup	Radio Shows
SOUTH CENTRAL EMS	SCENTEMS
CHAMBERLAIN	CHAMBEMS
WAGNER EMS	WAG EMS
PARKSTON EMS	PARKEMS
YANKTON EMS	YANK EMS
SOUTH EAST EMS	SE EMS
SIOUX FALLS EMS	SF EMS
MADISON EMS	MAD EMS
MITCHELL EMS	MIT EMS
HURON EMS	HURNEMS
BROOKINGS EMS	BRK EMS
WATERTOWN EMS	WTN EMS
NORTH EAST EMS	NE EMS
ABERDEEN EMS	ABDN EMS
REDFIELD EMS	REDF EMS
NORTH CENTRAL EMS	NCENTEMS
CENTRAL EMS	CNT EMS
ROSEBUD EMS	RSBDEMS
MARTIN EMS	MARTNEMS
PINERIDGE EMS	PNRDGEMS
SOURHTERN HILLS EMS	SHILLSEMS
RAPID CITY EMS	RC EMS
NORTHERN HILLS EMS	NHILLSEMS
LEMMON EMS	LEMMEMS
EAGLE BUTTE EMS	EGLBTEMS

## SOUTH DAKOTA HOSPITAL TALK GROUPS



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## Appendix F Standard Phonetic Alphabet

Character	International Phonetic	Law Enforcement Phonetic	Morse Code	Nautical	Sign
A	Alpha	Adam	·—		
B	Bravo	Boy	—···		
C	Charlie	Charles	—·—·		
D	Delta	David	—··		
E	Echo	Edward	·		
F	Foxtrot	Frank	··—·		
G	Golf	George	—·—·		
H	Hotel	Henry	····		
I	India	Ida	··		
J	Juliet	John	·— — —		
K	Kilo	King	—·—		
L	Lima	Lincoln	·—··		
M	Mike	Mary	— —		
N	November	Nora	—·		
O	Oscar	Ocean	— — —		

Character	International Phonetic	Law Enforcement Phonetic	Morse Code	Nautical	Sign
P	Papa	Paul	•- - - •		
Q	Quebec	Queen	- - - • -		
R	Romeo	Robert	• - • •		
S	Sierra	Sam	• • •		
T	Tango	Tom	- -		
U	Uniform	Union	• • -		
V	Victor	Victor	• • • -		
W	Whiskey	William	• - - -		
X	X-ray	X-ray	- • • -		
Y	Yankee	Young	- • - - -		
Z	Zulu	Zebra	- - - • •		

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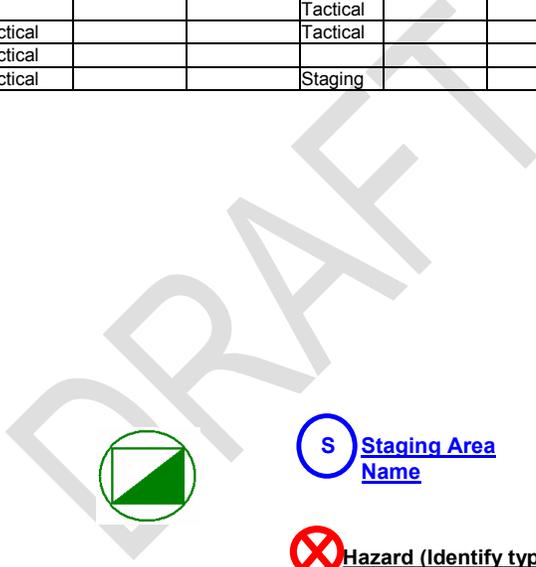
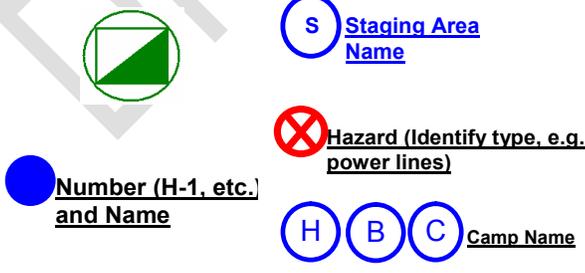
## Appendix G Incident Command System (ICS) Communication Forms

This appendix contains forms for incident command system (ICS) planning. Due to the size of this document, these forms are not functional as is. If you don't have these forms available for your use, they can be found at the following website:

[http://training.fema.gov/EMIWeb/IS/ICSResource/ICSResCntr\\_Forms.htm](http://training.fema.gov/EMIWeb/IS/ICSResource/ICSResCntr_Forms.htm)

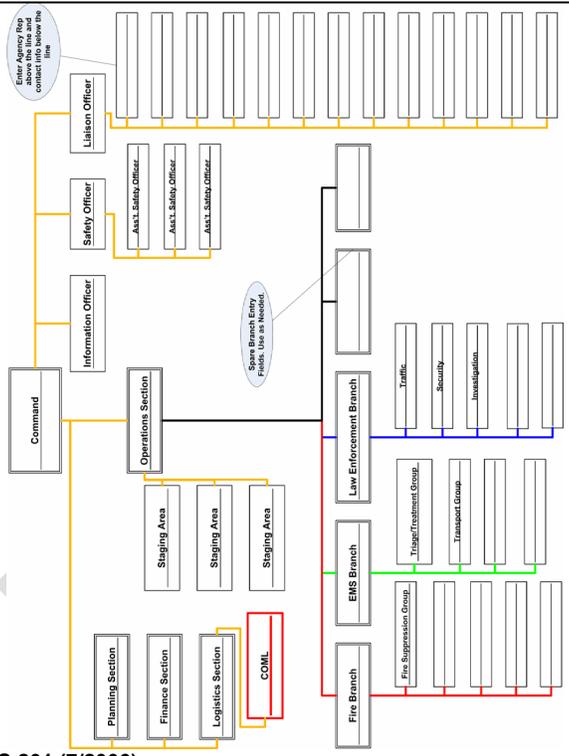
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## G.1 ICS 201 (TICP)

<b>INCIDENT BRIEFING</b>		1. INCIDENT NAME	2. DATE	3. TIME PREPARED	
<b>4. MAP SKETCH (NTS)</b>					
Function	Frequency or Talk Group Name	Assignment	Function	Frequency or Talk Group Name	Assignment
Command			Tactical		
			Tactical		
Tactical			Tactical		
Tactical					
Tactical			Staging		
					
 <p>  <b>Staging Area Name</b>   <b>Hazard (Identify type, e.g. power lines)</b>   <b>Number (H-1, etc.) and Name</b>     <b>Camp Name</b> </p>					
<b>5. PREPARED BY (NAME AND POSITION)</b>					
ICS 201 (7/2006)					



1. **CURRENT ORGANIZATION** – Place name and contact information (talk group/channel name, numbers, etc.) below the dividing line.



ICS 201 (7/2006)

This form is not intended to be used in this context. The appropriate ICS 201 form size is 8 1/2 x 11.



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<b>G.2 ICS 201 (FEMA)</b>			
INCIDENT BRIEFING	1. Incident Name	2. Date Prepared	3. Time Prepared
<b>4. Map Sketch</b>			
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ICS 201 Page 1 of 4	<b>5. Prepared by (Name and Position)</b>		

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6. Summary of Current Actions	
DRAFT	
ICS 201	Page 2 of 4

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**7. CURRENT ORGANIZATION** – Place name and contact information (talk group/channel name, numbers, etc.) below the dividing line.

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**201 ICS**



**Instructions for Completing the Incident Briefing (ICS 201 Form)**

ITEM #	ITEM TITLE	INSTRUCTIONS
1.	Incident Name	Print the name assigned to the incident.
2.	Date Prepared	Enter date prepared (month, day, year).
3.	Time Prepared	Enter time prepared (24-hour clock).
4.	Map Sketch	Show perimeter and control lines, resources assignments, incident facilities, and other special information on a sketch map or attached to the topographic or orthophoto map.
5.	Resources Summary	Enter the following information about the resources allocated to the incident. Enter the number and type of resource ordered.
	Resources Ordered	Enter the number and type of resource ordered.
	Resource Identification	Enter the agency three letter designator, S/T, Kind/Type and resource designator.
	ETA/On Scene	Enter the estimated arrival time and place the arrival time or a checkmark in the "on scene" column upon arrival.
	Location/Assignment	Enter the assigned location of the resource and/or the actual assignment.

6.	Current Organization	Enter on the organization chart the names of the individuals assigned to each position. Modify the chart as necessary.
7.	Summary of Current Actions	Enter the name and position of the person completing the form.
8.	Prepared By	Enter name and position of the person completing the form.
*Note		Additional pages may be added to ICS Form 201 if needed.

**Purpose:** The Incident Briefing Form provides the Incident Commander (and the Command and General Staffs assuming command of the incident) with basic information regarding the incident situation and the resources allocated to the incident. It also serves as a permanent record of the initial response to the incident.

**Preparation:** The Incident Briefing Form is prepared by the Incident Commander for presentation to the incoming Incident Commander along with a more detailed oral briefing. Proper symbology should be used when preparing a map of the incident.

**Distribution:** After the initial briefing of the Incident Commander and General Staff members, the Incident Briefing Form is duplicated and distributed to the Command Staff, Section Chiefs, Branch Directors, Division/Group Supervisors, and appropriate Planning and Logistic Section Unit Leaders. The sketch map and summary of current action Resources Summary portion are given to the Resources Unit.

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**G.3 ICS 205**

<b>INCIDENT RADIO COMMUNICATIONS PLAN</b>		1. Incident Name		2. Date / Time Prepared		3. Date / Time Prepared			
4. Basic Radio Channel Utilization									
Ch #	Function	Channel Name / Trunked Radio System Talk Group	Assignment	Rx Freq N or W	Rx Tone / NAC	Tx Freq N or W	Tx Tone / NAC	Mode	Remarks
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
5. Prepared by (Communications Unit)				Incident Location County/Commonwealth				Lat/Long	

*The convention calls for frequency lists to show four digits after the decimal place, followed by either an "N" or a "W", depending on whether the frequency is narrow or wide band. Mode refers to either "A" or "D" indicating analog or digital (Project 25)*

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**Instructions for Completing the Incident Radio  
Communications Plan (ICS 205 Form)**

<b>ITEM #</b>	<b>ITEM TITLE</b>	<b>INSTRUCTIONS</b>
1.	Incident Name	Print the name assigned to the incident.
2.	Date/Time Prepared	Enter date (month, day, year) and time prepared (24-hour clock).
3.	Operational Period Date/Time	Enter the date and time. Interval for which the Radio Communications Plan applies. Record the start time and end time and include date(s).
4.	Basic Radio Channel Utilization System/Cache	Enter the radio cache system(s) assigned and used on the incident (e.g., Boise Cache, FIREARMS, Region 5 Emergency Cache, etc).
	Channel Number	Enter the radio channel numbers assigned.
	Function	Enter the function each channel number is assigned (i.e., command, support, division tactical, and ground-to-air).
	Frequency	Enter the radio frequency tone number assigned to each specified function (e.g., 153.4000).
	Assignment	Enter the ICS organization assigned to each of the designated frequencies (e.g., Branch I, Division A).
	Remarks	This section should include narrative information regarding special situations
5.	Prepared By	Enter the name of the Communications Unit Leader preparing the form.

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**Purpose:** The Incident Radio Communications Plan provides in one location information on all radio frequencies assignments for each operational period. The plan is a summary of information obtained from the Radio Requirement Worksheet (ICS Form 216) and the Radio Frequency Assignment Worksheet (ICS Form 217). Information from the Radio Communications Plan on frequency assignment is normally placed on the appropriate Assignment List (ICS Form 204).

**Preparation:** The Incident Radio Communications Plan is prepared by the Communications Unit Leader and given to the Planning Section Chief.

**Distribution:** The Incident Radio Communications Plan is duplicated and given to all recipients of the Incident Objectives form including the Incident Communications Center. Information from the plan is placed on Assignment List.

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**G.4 ICS 205A**

**Communications List (ICS 205A)**

<b>1. INCIDENT Name:</b>		<b>2. Operational Period:</b>		Date From:	Date To:
				Time From:	Time To:
<b>3. Basic Local Communications Information</b>					
Incident Assigned Position		Name (Alphabetized)		Method(s) of Contact (phone, pager, cell, etc)	
<b>4. Prepared by:</b> Name: _____ Position/Title: _____ Signature _____					
<b>ICS 205A</b>	IA Page ____	Date/Time:			

**Instructions for Completing the Communications List  
(ICS 205A Form)**

ITEM #	ITEM TITLE	INSTRUCTIONS
1.	Incident Name	Enter the name assigned to the incident.
2.	Operational Period <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Date and Time From</li> <li>• Date and Time To</li> </ul>	Enter the start date (month/day/year) and time (using the 24-hour clock) and end date and time for the operational period to which the form applies.
3.	Basic Local Communications Information	Enter the communications methods assigned and used for personnel by their assigned ICS position.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Incident Assigned Position</li> </ul>	Enter the ICS organizational assignment
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Name</li> </ul>	Enter the name of the assigned person
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Method(s) of Contact (phone, pager, cell, etc)</li> </ul>	For each assignment, enter the radio frequency and contact number(s) to include the area code, etc. If applicable, include the vehicle license or ID number assigned to the vehicle for the incident (e.g., HAZMAT1, etc).
4.	Prepared by <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Name</li> <li>• Position/Title</li> <li>• Signature</li> <li>• Date/Time</li> </ul>	Enter the name, ICS position, and signature of the person preparing the form. Enter date (month/day/year) and time prepared (24-hour clock).
	Assignment	Enter the ICS organization assigned to

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		each of the designated frequencies (e.g., Branch I, Division A).
	Remarks	This section should include narrative information regarding special situations
5.	Prepared By	Enter the name of the Communications Unit Leader preparing the form.

**Purpose:** The Communications List (ICS 205A) records methods of contact for incident personnel. While the Incident Radio Communications Plan (ICS 205) is used to provide information on all radio frequencies down to the Division/Group level, the ICS 205A indicates all methods of contact for personnel assigned to the incident (radio frequencies, phone numbers, pager numbers, etc.), and functions as an incident directory.

**Preparation:** The ICS 205A can be filled out during check-in and is maintained and distributed by Communications Unit personnel. This form should be updated each operational period.

**Distribution:** The ICS 205A is distributed within the ICS organization by the Communications Unit, and posted as necessary. All completed original forms must be given to the Documentation Unit. If this form contains sensitive information such as cell phone numbers, it should be clearly marked in the header that it contains sensitive information and is not for public release.

**Notes:**

- The ICS 205A is an optional part of the Incident Action Plan (IAP)
- This optional form is used in conjunction with the ICS 205.
- If additional pages are needed, use a blank ICS 205A and repaginate as needed.

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**G.5 ICS Form 217A**

COMMUNICATIONS RESOURCE AVAILABILITY WORKSHEET ICS 217A					Frequency Band			Description			
	Channel Configuration	Channel Name / Trunked Radio System Talk Group	Eligible Users / Assignments	Rx Freq	N or W	Mobile Rx Tone / NAC	Tx Freq	N or W	Mobile Tx Tone / NAC	Mode A, D, or M	Notes
1											
2											
3											
4											
5											

A=Analog, D=Digital, M=Mixed Mode; N=Narrowband, W=Wideband  
 The convention calls for frequency lists to show four digits after the decimal place, followed by either an "N" or a "W", depending on whether the frequency is narrow or wide band. Mode refers to either "A" or "D" indicating analog or digital (e.g. Project 25). All channels are shown as if programmed in a portable or mobile radio. Repeater and base stations must be programmed with the Rx and Tx reversed.

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**Instructions for Completing the Radio Frequency Assignment Worksheet (ICS 217 Form)**

ITEM #	ITEM TITLE	INSTRUCTIONS
1.	Incident Name	Print the name assigned to the incident.
2.	Date	Enter date (month, day, year) prepared.
3.	Operational Period	Enter the time interval for which the assignment applies. Record the start date/time and end date/time (e.g., 9/17/96-0600 to 9/18/96-0600).
4.	Incident Organization	List frequencies allocated for each channel for each organizational element activated, record the number of radios required to perform the designated function on the specified frequency.
5.	Radio Data	For each radio cache and frequency assigned, record the associated function. Functional assignment for: Command Support Division tactical Ground-to-air
6.	Agency	List the frequencies for each major agency assigned to the incident. Also list the function and channel number assigned.
7.	Total Radios Required	Total each column. This provides the number of radios required by each organizational unit. Also total each row which provides the number of radios using each available frequency.
8.	Prepared By	Enter the name and position of the person completing the worksheet.

**Purpose:** The Radio Frequency Assignment Worksheet is used by the Communications Unit Leader to assist in determining frequency allocation.

**Preparation:** Cache radio frequencies available to the incident are listed on the form. Major agency frequencies assigned to the incident should be added to the bottom of the worksheet.

**Distribution:** The worksheet, prepared by the Communications Unit, is for internal use.

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## Appendix H Glossary and Terms

<b>ARC</b>	American Red Cross
<b>CASM</b>	Communications Asset Survey and Mapping
<b>COMC</b>	Communications Coordinator
<b>COML</b>	Communications Unit Leader
<b>COMT</b>	Communications Technician
<b>CP</b>	Command Post
<b>CTCSS</b>	Continuous Tone-Coded Squelch System
<b>DHS</b>	Department of Homeland Security
<b>DTMF</b>	Dual Tone Multi Frequency
<b>EOC</b>	Emergency Operations Center
<b>FAA</b>	Federal Aviation Administration
<b>FBI</b>	Federal Bureau of Investigation
<b>FCC</b>	Federal Communication Commission
<b>FEMA</b>	Federal Emergency Management Agency
<b>FOG</b>	Field Operations Guide
<b>IC</b>	Incident Commander
<b>ICC</b>	Incident Communications Center
<b>ICP</b>	Incident Command Post
<b>ICS</b>	Incident Command System
<b>INCM</b>	Incident Communications Center Manager
<b>ISU</b>	Incident Support Unit
<b>MCST</b>	Mobile Communications Support Trailer
<b>MCU</b>	Mobile Communications Unit
<b>SD-CFOG</b>	STATE Field Operations Guide
<b>MOA</b>	Memorandum of Agreement
<b>MOUs</b>	Memoranda of Understanding
<b>MWRA</b>	Massachusetts Water Resource Authority
<b>NAC</b>	Network Access Code
<b>NECP</b>	National Emergency Communications Plan
<b>NIFOG</b>	National Interoperability Field Operations Guide
<b>NIMS</b>	National Incident Management System
<b>NPSPAC</b>	National Public Safety Planning Advisory

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	Committee
<b>NRF</b>	National Response Framework
<b>PSAP</b>	Public Safety Answering Point
<b>RADO</b>	Radio Operator
<b>SEOC</b>	State Emergency Operations Center
<b>SOP</b>	Standard Operating Procedure
<b>TCL</b>	Target Capabilities List
<b>THSP</b>	Technical Specialist
<b>TICP</b>	Tactical Interoperable Communications Plan
<b>UASI</b>	Urban Area Security Initiative

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## Appendix I Web Site Links

APCO International: [www.apcointl.org](http://www.apcointl.org)  
CASM: <https://franz.spawar.navy.mil>  
DHS OEC: [www.dhs.gov/xabout/structure/gc\\_1189774174005.shtm](http://www.dhs.gov/xabout/structure/gc_1189774174005.shtm)  
EMAC: [www.emacweb.org](http://www.emacweb.org)  
FCC Enforcement Bureau: [www.fcc.gov/eb](http://www.fcc.gov/eb)  
FCC Public Safety & Homeland Security Bureau: [www.fcc.gov/pshs](http://www.fcc.gov/pshs)  
FCC Special Temporary Authority (STA):  
[www.fcc.gov/pshs/services/sta.html](http://www.fcc.gov/pshs/services/sta.html)  
FCC ULS: [wireless.fcc.gov/uls](http://wireless.fcc.gov/uls)  
FEMA: [www.fema.gov](http://www.fema.gov)  
Government Emergency Telecommunications Service (GETS):  
[gets.ncs.gov](http://gets.ncs.gov)  
Homeland Security Information Network: [www.hsin.gov](http://www.hsin.gov)  
Lessons Learned Information Sharing: [www.llis.gov](http://www.llis.gov)  
National Emergency Communications Plan:  
[http://www.dhs.gov/xlibrary/assets/national\\_emergency\\_communications\\_plan.pdf](http://www.dhs.gov/xlibrary/assets/national_emergency_communications_plan.pdf)  
National Interagency Fire Center (NIFC): [www.nifc.gov](http://www.nifc.gov)  
National Interagency Incident Communications: [www.fs.fed.us/fire/niicd](http://www.fs.fed.us/fire/niicd)  
National Interoperability Information Exchange (NIIX): [www.niix.org](http://www.niix.org)  
National Regional Planning Council (NRPC) [www.nrpc.us](http://www.nrpc.us)  
National Response Framework Resource Center  
<http://www.fema.gov/emergency/nrf/>  
National Telecommunications & Information Admin (NTIA):  
<http://www.ntia.doc.gov>  
National Wildfire Coordinating Group (NWCG): [www.nwcg.gov](http://www.nwcg.gov)  
NIFOG: [www.safecomprogram.gov/SAFECOM/nifog](http://www.safecomprogram.gov/SAFECOM/nifog)  
NIMS Information: [www.fema.gov/emergency/nims](http://www.fema.gov/emergency/nims)  
NPSTC: [www.npstc.org](http://www.npstc.org)  
Radio Reference: [www.radioreference.com](http://www.radioreference.com)  
SAFECOM: [www.safecomprogram.gov](http://www.safecomprogram.gov)  
Wild Land Fire Communications: [www.fireradios.net](http://www.fireradios.net)  
Wireless Priority Service (WPS): [wps.ncs.gov](http://wps.ncs.gov)

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Appendix J Notes

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